

Rare Plant Inventory

rareplants.cnps.org

Report for Lupinus lepidus var. culbertsonii

TAXON DETAILS Classification

Scientific Name

Lupinus lepidus Dougl. var. culbertsonii

(Greene) C.P. Smith

Common Name Hockett Meadows lupine

Family Fabaceae
Element Code PDFAB2B171

USDA Plants Symbol

Synonyms/Other Names Lupinus culbertsonii Greene ssp. culbertsonii

Conservation Status

California Rare Plant Rank1B.3Global RankG5T3State RankS3CESANoneFESANoneOther StatusUSFS_S

CRPR Changes

 Date Added
 1974-01-01

 Last Update
 2021-05-26

Ecology and Life History

Lifeform perennial herb

Blooming Period Jul-Aug

Elevation m (ft) 2440-3000 (8005-9845)

General Habitats Meadows and seeps. Upp

Meadows and seeps, Upper montane

coniferous forest (mesic, rocky)

Microhabitat Details

Microhabitat

Threat List Data from the CNDDB

Threat List Total:		0
	Total EOs	Percent EOs
EOs with Threats Listed	0	%
Threat List:		

Element Occurrence Data from the CNDDB

Total Element Occurrences:	11
Element Occurrence Ranks:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Excellent (A)	0
Good (B)	0
Fair (C)	0
Poor (D)	0
None (X)	0
Unknown (U)	11
Occurrence Status	
Historical, > 20 years	9
Recent, < 20 years	2
Presence	
Presumed Extant	11
Possibly Extirpated	0
Presumed Extirpated	0

Location

California Endemic	Yes
Counties	
Fresno (FRE), Tulare (TUL)	
_	
States	
California (CA)	

Quads

Chagoopa Falls (3611844), Mineral King (3611845), Moses Mtn. (3611836), Mt. Clarence King (3611874), Mt. Kaweah (3611854), Quinn Peak (3611835), Silver City (3611846)

Notes

Definitions of codes preceding a county and/or quad:

- * Presumed extirpated
- (*) Possibly extirpated

Species may be present in other areas where conditions are favorable. These data should NOT be substituted for pre-project review or for on-site surveys.

Notes

Taxononmy
Selected References
Suggested Citation
California Native Plant Society, Rare Plant Program. 2024. Rare Plant Inventory (online edition, v9.5). Website https://www.rareplants.cnps.org [accessed 15 May 2024].

Known from approximately five occurrences. See *Madroño* 22(4):169-177 (1973) for taxonomic treatment.

Threats