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Report for Arctostaphylos rudis

TAXON DETAILS

Classification

Scientific Name	Arctostaphylos rudis Jeps. & Wies.	
Common Name	sand mesa manzanita	
Family	Ericaceae	
Element Code	PDERI041E0	
USDA Plants Symbol	ARRU2	
Synonyms/Other Names		

Conservation Status

California Rare Plant Rank	1B.2
Global Rank	G2
State Rank	S2
CESA	None
FESA	None
Other Status	BLM_S; SB_SBBG
CRPR Changes	
Date Added	1980-01-01
Last Update	2021-08-25

Ecology and Life History

Lifeform	perennial evergreen shrub	
Blooming Period	Nov-Feb	
Elevation m (ft)	25-322 (80-1055)	
General Habitats	Chaparral (maritime), Coastal scrub	
Microhabitat Details		
Microhabitat	Sandy	

Threat List Data from the CNDDB

Threat List Total:		10
	Total EOs	Percent EOs
EOs with Threats Listed	19	53%
Threat List:		
Development	15	41%
Non-native plant impacts	5	13%
Road/trail construction/maint.	5	13%
Wood cutting or brush clearing	4	11%
Other	3	8%
Improper burning regime	3	8%
Agriculture	2	5%
Disking	1	2%
Grazing	1	2%
Vandalism/dumping/litter	1	2%

Element Occurrence Data from the CNDDB

Total Element Occurrences:	36	
Element Occurrence Ranks:		
Excellent (A)	4	
Good (B)	7	
Fair (C)	4	
Poor (D)	4	
None (X)	0	
Unknown (U)	17	
Occurrence Status		
Historical, > 20 years	24	
Recent, < 20 years	12	
Presence		
Presumed Extant	36	
Possibly Extirpated	0	
Presumed Extirpated	0	

Location

	1
California Endemic	Yes

Counties

San Luis Obispo (SLO), Santa Barbara (SBA)

States

California (CA)

Quads

Arroyo Grande NE (3512025), Casmalia (3412075), Guadalupe (3412085), Lompoc (3412064), Lompoc Hills (3412054), Los Alamos (3412063), Nipomo (3512014), Oceano (3512015), Orcutt (3412074), Pismo Beach (3512026), Point Arguello (3412056), Point Sal (3412086), Sisquoc (3412073), Surf (3412065), Tranquillon Mtn. (3412055)

Notes

Definitions of codes preceding a county and/or quad:

* Presumed extirpated

(*) Possibly extirpated

Species may be present in other areas where conditions are favorable. These data should NOT be substituted for pre-project review or for on-site surveys.

Notes

Severely reduced on Nipomo Mesa; more widespread on Burton Mesa. Threatened by agriculture, road construction, road maintenance, and oil extraction. Possibly threatened by development. See *Erythea* 8:100 (1938) for original description.

Threats

Taxononmy

Selected References

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