

Rare Plant Inventory

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Report for Carpenteria californica

TAXON DETAILS Classification

Scientific Name Carpenteria californica Torr.

Common Nametree-anemoneFamilyHydrangeaceaeElement CodePDHDR04010USDA Plants SymbolCACA17

Synonyms/Other Names

Conservation Status

California Rare Plant Rank1B.2Global RankG1G2State RankS1S2

CESA CT (01/01/90)

FESA None

Other Status BLM_S; SB_CalBG/RSABG; SB_UCBG;

USFS_S

CRPR Changes

 Date Added
 1974-01-01

 Last Update
 2024-11-05

Ecology and Life History

Lifeform perennial evergreen shrub

Blooming Period (Apr)May-Jul

Elevation m (ft) 340-1340 (1115-4395)

General Habitats Chaparral, Cismontane woodland

Microhabitat Details

Microhabitat Granitic (usually)

Threat List Data from the CNDDB

Threat List Total:		9
	Total EOs	Percent EOs
EOs with Threats Listed	10	77%
Threat List:		
Development	4	30%
Grazing	4	30%
ORV activity	3	23%
Road/trail construction/maint.	3	23%
Vandalism/dumping/litter	2	15%
Dam/Inundation	2	15%
Other	1	7%
Improper burning regime	1	7%
Logging	1	7%

Element Occurrence Data from the CNDDB

Total Element Occurrences:	13
Element Occurrence Ranks:	_
Excellent (A)	1
Good (B)	8
Fair (C)	1
Poor (D)	0
None (X)	1
Unknown (U)	2
Occurrence Status	
Historical, > 20 years	11
Recent, < 20 years	2
Presence	
Presumed Extant	12
Possibly Extirpated	0
Presumed Extirpated	1

Location

California Endemic	Yes
Counties	
Fresno (FRE), Madera (MAD)	
States	
California (CA)	

Quads

Auberry (3711914), Cascadel Point (3711924), Dinkey Creek (3711912), Millerton Lake East (3711915), North Fork (3711925), Shaver Lake (3711913), Trimmer (3611983)

Notes

Definitions of codes preceding a county and/or quad:

- * Presumed extirpated
- (*) Possibly extirpated

Species may be present in other areas where conditions are favorable. These data should NOT be substituted for pre-project review or for on-site surveys.

Notes

Known from fewer than 20 occurrences. There are historical reports of introduced plants in MAD Co. Threatened by development, road construction, logging, vehicles, and overgrazing. Special management is necessary since reproduction is fire dependent. See *Aliso* 2(2):115-118 (1950) for species account, and *Fremontia* 10(4):21-22 (1983) for discussion of propagation.

Threats

Taxononmy

Selected References

Suggested Citation

California Native Plant Society, Rare Plant Program. 2024. Rare Plant Inventory (online edition, v9.5). Website https://www.rareplants.cnps.org [accessed 25 November 2024].