

Rare Plant Inventory

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Report for Layia heterotricha

TAXON DETAILS



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Classification

Scientific Name Layia heterotricha (DC.) H. & A.

Common Namepale-yellow layiaFamilyAsteraceaeElement CodePDAST5N070

USDA Plants Symbol LAHE

Synonyms/Other Names

Conservation Status

California Rare Plant Rank1B.1Global RankG2State RankS2CESANoneFESANone

Other Status BLM_S; SB_CalBG/RSABG; SB_SBBG;

USFS S

CRPR Changes

 Date Added
 1994-01-01

 Last Update
 2022-01-05

Ecology and Life History

Lifeformannual herbBlooming PeriodMar-Jun

Elevation m (ft) 300-1705 (985-5595)

General Habitats Cismontane woodland, Coastal scrub, Pinyon

and juniper woodland, Valley and foothill

grassland

Microhabitat Details

Microhabitat Alkaline (sometimes), Clay (sometimes)

Threat List Data from the CNDDB

Threat List Total:		11
	Total EOs	Percent EOs
EOs with Threats Listed	33	26%
Threat List:		
Non-native plant impacts	11	8%
Road/trail construction/maint.	11	8%
Development	7	5%
Grazing	6	4%
ORV activity	5	4%
Feral pigs	3	2%
Foot traffic/trampling	2	1%
Erosion/runoff	2	1%
Improper burning regime	2	1%
Other	1	0%
Agriculture	1	0%

Element Occurrence Data from the CNDDB

Total Element Occurrences:	125
Element Occurrence Ranks:	_
Excellent (A)	21
Good (B)	12
Fair (C)	1
Poor (D)	8
None (X)	1
Unknown (U)	82
Occurrence Status	_
Historical, > 20 years	60
Recent, < 20 years	65
Presence	_
Presumed Extant	124
Possibly Extirpated	0
Presumed Extirpated	1

Location

California Endemic	Yes
Counties	
Fresno (FRE), Kern (KRN)*, Kings (KNG)*, Montere Obispo (SLO)*, Santa Barbara (SBA), Ventura (VEN	ey (MNT), San Benito (SBT)(?), San Luis I)
States	
California (CA)	

Apache Canyon (3411973), Ballinger Canyon (3411984), Bates Canyon (3411988), Bear Canyon (3612113), Bryson (3512171), Burnett Peak (3512172), Caliente Mtn. (3511917), California Valley (3512031)*, Camatta Ranch (3512043), Carneros Rocks (3511947)*, Casmalia (3412075), Chimineas Ranch (3511928), Cholame (3512063), Cholame Valley (3512073), Ciervo Mtn. (3612045), Coalinga (3612023)*, Cuddy Valley (3411971), Curry Mountain (3612014)*, Cuyama (3411985), Cuyama Peak (3411974), Domengine Ranch (3612033), Elkhorn Hills (3511915)*, Fox Mountain (3411975), Freeman Junction (3511758), Garza Peak (3512082)*, Goleta (3411947), Greenfield (3612132), Hames Valley (3512088)*, Joaquin Rocks (3612034), La Panza (3512032)*, Lake Cachuma (3411958), Las Yeguas Ranch (3511948)*, Lillis Ranch (3612044), Lockwood Valley (3411961), Lompoc (3412064), Matilija (3411943), McKittrick Summit (3511937), Mojave (3511812)*, Monarch Peak (3612027), Monolith (3511813)*, Nattrass Valley (3612028), North Chalone Peak (3612142), Orchard Peak (3512062)*, Panoche (3612057)(?), Panorama Hills (3511926), Pleito Hills (3411981), Rancho Nuevo Creek (3411964), Reward (3511936), Reyes Peak (3411963), Rock Spring Peak (3612048), Salisbury Potrero (3411976), San Guillermo (3411962), Santa Rita Peak (3612035), Sawmill Mountain (3411972)*, Simmler (3511938), Smith Mountain (3612015), Surf (3412065), Taylor Canyon (3511918), Tehachapi NE (3511823)*, Tehachapi North (3511824), Tehachapi South (3511814), Tent Hills (3512072), The Dark Hole (3512083), Thompson Canyon (3612122)*, Tierra Redonda Mountain (3512078)*, Tumey Hills (3612056), Wells Ranch (3511916), Wheeler Springs (3411953)*, Wilson Corner (3512044)

Notes

Definitions of codes preceding a county and/or quad:

- * Presumed extirpated
- (*) Possibly extirpated

Species may be present in other areas where conditions are favorable. These data should NOT be substituted for pre-project review or for on-site surveys.

Notes

Threatened by agricultural conversion and previous construction of San Antonio Reservoir, grazing, non-native plants, and vehicles. Potentially threatened by road maintenance and wind energy development.

Threats

Taxononmy

Selected References

Suggested Citation

California Native Plant Society, Rare Plant Program. 2024. Rare Plant Inventory (online edition, v9.5). Website https://www.rareplants.cnps.org [accessed 26 April 2024].