

Report for *Ravenella exigua*

TAXON DETAILS

Classification

Scientific Name	<i>Ravenella exigua</i> (Rattan) Morin
Common Name	chaparral harebell
Family	Campanulaceae
Element Code	PDCAM020A0
USDA Plants Symbol	<u>CAEX3</u>
Synonyms/Other Names	<u><i>Campanula exigua</i></u>

Conservation Status

California Rare Plant Rank	1B.2
Global Rank	G2
State Rank	S2
CESA	None
FESA	None
Other Status	BLM_S; SB_CalBG/RSABG
CRPR Changes	
Date Added	1974-01-01
Last Update	2023-01-13

Ecology and Life History

Lifeform	annual herb
Blooming Period	May-Jun
Elevation m (ft)	275-1250 (900-4100)
General Habitats	Chaparral (rocky, usually serpentinite)
Microhabitat Details	
Microhabitat	

Threat List Data from the CNDDDB

Threat List Total:		6
	Total EOs	Percent EOs
EOs with Threats Listed	11	22%
Threat List:		
Road/trail construction/maint.	8	16%
Grazing	3	6%
Mining	1	2%
Non-native plant impacts	1	2%
Development	1	2%
Erosion/runoff	1	2%

Element Occurrence Data from the CNDDDB

Total Element Occurrences:	50
Element Occurrence Ranks:	
Excellent (A)	8
Good (B)	6
Fair (C)	5
Poor (D)	0
None (X)	0
Unknown (U)	31
Occurrence Status	
Historical, > 20 years	27
Recent, < 20 years	23
Presence	
Presumed Extant	50
Possibly Extirpated	0
Presumed Extirpated	0

Location

California Endemic Yes

Counties

Alameda (ALA), Contra Costa (CCA), Fresno (FRE), Merced (MER), San Benito (SBT), Santa Clara (SCL), Stanislaus (STA)

States

California (CA)

Quads

Calaveras Reservoir (3712147), Cedar Mtn. (3712155), Clayton (3712188), Diablo (3712178), Gilroy Hot Springs (3712114), Hepsedam Peak (3612037), Idria (3612046), Isabel Valley (3712135), La Costa Valley (3712157), Lick Observatory (3712136), Mariposa Peak (3612182), Midway (3712165), Mississippi Creek (3712124), Mt. Boardman (3712144), Mt. Day (3712146), Niles (3712158), Panoche Pass (3612161), Rock Spring Peak (3612048), San Benito (3612151), San Benito Mtn. (3612036), Santa Rita Peak (3612035), Wilcox Ridge (3712133)

Notes

Definitions of codes preceding a county and/or quad:

* Presumed extirpated

(*) Possibly extirpated

Species may be present in other areas where conditions are favorable. These data should NOT be substituted for pre-project review or for on-site surveys.

Notes

Possibly threatened by mining and vehicles. See *Botanical Gazette* 11:339 (1886) for original description, and *Madroño* 27(4):149-163 (1980) for taxonomic treatment.

Threats

Taxonomy

Selected References

CNPS Name Change: Non-Substantive Name Changes: Multiple taxa in Campanulaceae (2022-12-19)

Revised Nomenclature: *Phytoneuron* 2020-49: 1–46 (2020)

Suggested Citation

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