

Report for *Eschscholzia hypecoides*

TAXON DETAILS

Classification

| | |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Scientific Name | <i>Eschscholzia hypecoides</i> Benth. |
| Common Name | San Benito poppy |
| Family | Papaveraceae |
| Element Code | PDPAP0A060 |
| USDA Plants Symbol | <u>ESHY</u> |
| Synonyms/Other Names | |

Conservation Status

| | |
|----------------------------|------------|
| California Rare Plant Rank | 4.3 |
| Global Rank | G4 |
| State Rank | S4 |
| CESA | None |
| FESA | None |
| Other Status | SB_UCSC |
| CRPR Changes | |
| Date Added | 1974-01-01 |
| Last Update | 2022-12-06 |

Ecology and Life History

| | |
|----------------------|---|
| Lifeform | annual herb |
| Blooming Period | Mar-Jun |
| Elevation m (ft) | 200-1500 (655-4920) |
| General Habitats | Chaparral, Cismontane woodland, Valley and foothill grassland |
| Microhabitat Details | |
| Microhabitat | Clay, Serpentine |

Threat List Data from the CNDDDB

| | | |
|--------------------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| Threat List Total: | | 0 |
| | Total EOs | Percent EOs |
| EOs with Threats Listed | 0 | 0% |
| Threat List: | | |

Element Occurrence Data from the CNDDDB

| | |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Total Element Occurrences: | 0 |
| Element Occurrence Ranks: | |
| Excellent (A) | 0 |
| Good (B) | 0 |
| Fair (C) | 0 |
| Poor (D) | 0 |
| None (X) | 0 |
| Unknown (U) | 0 |
| Occurrence Status | |
| Historical, > 20 years | 0 |
| Recent, < 20 years | 0 |
| Presence | |
| Presumed Extant | 0 |
| Possibly Extirpated | 0 |
| Presumed Extirpated | 0 |

Location

| | |
|---------------------------|-----|
| California Endemic | Yes |
|---------------------------|-----|

Counties

Fresno (FRE), Kern (KRN), Kings (KNG), Monterey (MNT), San Benito (SBT), San Luis Obispo (SLO), Santa Barbara (SBA), Santa Clara (SCL), Santa Cruz (SCR), Stanislaus (STA)

States

California (CA)

Quads

Adelaida (3512067), Alcalde Hills (3612024), Alder Peak (3512183), Ballinger Canyon (3411984), Bear Canyon (3612113), Bickmore Canyon (3612152), Bradley (3512077), Caliente Mtn. (3511917), Camatta Ranch (3512043), Cherry Peak (3612162), Chews Ridge (3612135), Copper Mtn. (3712143), Cosio Knob (3612112), Curry Mountain (3612014), Cuyama (3411985), Espinosa Canyon (3612111), Felton (3712211), Fox Mountain (3411975), Garza Peak (3512082), Greenfield (3612132), Hames Valley (3512088), Hepsedam Peak (3612037), Idria (3612046), Isabel Valley (3712135), Jolon (3512182), Kettleman Plain (3512081), Kreyenhagen Hills (3612013), Las Yeguas Ranch (3511948), Lillis Ranch (3612044), Loma Prieta (3712117), Lonoak (3612038), Madulce Peak (3411965), Maricopa (3511914), McKittrick Summit (3511937), Monarch Peak (3612027), Mt. Boardman (3712144), Mt. Stakes (3712134), New Cuyama (3411986), North Chalone Peak (3612142), Paicines (3612163), Pancho Rico Valley (3612017), Panoche (3612057), Panoche Pass (3612161), Paraiso Springs (3612133), Parkfield (3512084), Paso Robles (3512066), Patterson (3712142), Peak Mountain (3411987), Pinalito Canyon (3612131), Pismo Beach (3512026), Port San Luis (3512027), Priest Valley (3612026), Rock Spring Peak (3612048), San Ardo (3612018), Santa Rita Peak (3612035), Shale Point (3511958), Sherman Peak (3612025), Slack Canyon (3612016), Smith Mountain (3612015), Solyo (3712153), Stockdale Mountain (3512085), Sycamore Flat (3612134), Tassajara Hot Springs (3612125), Templeton (3512056), Tent Hills (3512072), The Dark Hole (3512083), Thompson Canyon (3612122), Topo Valley (3612141), Tumey Hills (3612056), Wells Ranch (3511916), Williams Hill (3512181)

Notes

Definitions of codes preceding a county and/or quad:

* Presumed extirpated

(*) Possibly extirpated

Species may be present in other areas where conditions are favorable. These data should NOT be substituted for pre-project review or for on-site surveys.

Notes

Threats

Taxonomy

Selected References

Suggested Citation

California Native Plant Society, Rare Plant Program. 2024. Rare Plant Inventory (online edition, v9.5). Website <https://www.rareplants.cnps.org> [accessed 30 June 2024].