A. hirshbergiae Element Code: PDBRA064D0A. johnstonii Element Code: PDBRA060Y0

Arabis hirshbergiae and Arabis johnstonii kept as California Rare Plant Rank 1B.2 species, and their genus changed to Boechera on January 18, 2012

Rare Plant Status Review: Arabis hirshbergiae and Arabis johnstonii
Proposed Deletion of Arabis hirshbergiae from 1B.2
Proposed Name Change of Arabis johnstonii to Boechera johnstonii
Aaron Sims (CNPS), Danny Slakey (CNPS), and Roxanne Bittman (CNDDB)
December 13, 2011

Changes made to the original document appear in blue text.

## **Background**

Arabis hirshbergiae and Arabis johnstonii are perennial herbs in the Brassicaceae family that are known only from near Cuyamaca Lake and the San Jacinto Mountains in southern California. After extensive molecular, cytological, and morphological studies, most of the North American species of Arabis were transferred to Boechera, including A. hirshbergiae and A. johnstonii (Al-Shehbaz 2003), and therefore will be synonymized with Boechera for the remainder of this review. Boechera hirshbergiae was added to Rank 1B of the CNPS Inventory, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition (2001). It was first described by Steve Boyd in 1998, and was not included in *The Jepson Manual* (1993). Boechera hirshbergiae is treated as a synonym of Boechera johnstonii in The Jepson Manual, Second Edition (TJM 2), and Flora of North America, Vol. 7 (FNA). Steve Boyd (1998) notes that B. hirshbergiae is most closely related to B. johnstonii and B. parishii, and that it is similar to B. johnstonii in general habit, basal leaf shape and size, and fruit morphology. Boyd (1998) differentiated B. hirshbergiae from B. johnstonii "in having longer and broader petals (12.8-14 mm long vs. 8-10 mm; 3.5-4 mm wide vs. 2-3 mm), a consistently shorter style (± 1 mm vs. 1-2 mm), shorter and broader gynophore, and broader siliqua valves (3-4 mm vs. 2-3 mm)." However, after a critical re-examination of the type collections of B. johnstonii and B. hirshbergiae, and the review of numerous herbarium specimens for both the FNA and TJM 2 treatments. Windham and Al-Shehbaz (2006) noted considerable overlap in both petal and fruit size between B. johnstonii and B. hirshbergiae, and found the styles of the former to be only slightly longer than the latter. Subsequent genetic analyses were carried out on a small number of *B. hirshbergiae* (n=2) and B. johnstonii (n=11) specimens. Although a larger sample size would produce more reliable results, this preliminary study showed that B. hirshbergiae and B. johnstonii were very similar, with B. hirshbergiae being fixed for an allele not found in B. johnstonii at only a single locus. In fact, they are more similar than any pair of Boechera taxa treated by Windham and Al-Shehbaz as distinct species (M. Windham pers. comm. 2011).

CNPS and CNDDB recommend deleting *A. hirshbergiae* from the Inventory and changing *Arabis johnstonii* to *Boechera johnstonii* to reflect the new treatments. After inclusion of the two *B. hirshbergiae* occurrences within *B. johnstonii*, the latter will have a total of eleven occurrences throughout its range. We do not recommend a change in California Rare Plant Rank for *Boechera johnstonii*, as the additional occurrences do not significantly extend its distribution and range.

A. hirshbergiae Element Code: PDBRA064D0A. johnstonii Element Code: PDBRA060Y0

## **Recommended Actions**

**CNPS:** Delete Keep Arabis hirshbergiae from as CNPS Rank 1B.2 and include occurrences in keep Boechera johnstonii as Rank 1B.2; change genus of Arabis johnstonii te and Arabis hirshbergiae to Boechera johnstonii.

**CNDDB:** Delete Keep Arabis hirshbergiae from as G1 / S1.2 and include occurrences in Boechera johnstonii; change keep Arabis johnstonii to as G1 / S1.2; change genus of Arabis johnstonii and Arabis hirshbergiae to Boechera johnstonii.

## Revised CNPS Inventory Records

Boechera johnstonii (Munz) Al-Shehbaz

Brassicaceae

Johnston's rock cress

Synonyms: Arabis johnstonii Munz, Arabis hirshbergiae S.D. Boyd

Rank 1B.2

Riverside, San Diego

Palm View Peak (066A) 33116F5, Idyllwild (066B) 33116F6, Anza (066C) 33116E6, Butterfly Peak (066D) 33116E5, San Jacinto Peak (083C) 33116G6, Cuyamaca Peak (020A) 32116H5, Julian (033D) 33116A5

Chaparral, lower montane coniferous forest, pebble (pavement) plain/ often on eroded clay.

Perennial herb. Blooms Feb-Jun.

Known only from near Cuyamaca Lake and the southern San Jacinto Mtns. Plants from near Cuyamaca Lake were previously treated as *Arabis hirshbergiae*. Threatened by recreational and residential development in Garner Valley and fuel break maintenance on Desert Divide. Also threatened by grazing and trampling, and possibly threatened by vegetation/fuels management projects. *Boechera hirshbergiae* is treated as a synonym of this plant in *TJM 2*; see *Harvard Papers in Botany* 11(1):61-88 (2006) for relative taxonomic treatment. See *Bulletin of the Southern California Academy of Sciences* 31:62-63 (1932) for original description; and, *Rhodora* 43(511):467-468 (1941) for taxonomic treatment, and *Novon* 13(4):381-391 (2003) for revised nomenclature., and *Harvard Papers in Botany* 11(1):61-88 (2006) for taxonomic treatments.

Boechera hirshbergiae (S. Boyd) Al-Shehbaz

Brassicaceae

Hirshberg's rock cress

Synonyms: Arabis hirshbergiae S.D. Boyd

Rank 1B.2 San Diego

Cuyamaca Peak (020A) 32116H5, Julian (033D) 33116A5

Pebble (Pavement) plain; elevation 1400 – 1415 meters

Perennial herb. Blooms Mar-May

Known only from near Cuyamaca Lake. Threatened by grazing. Not in *The Jepson Manual* (1993); a synonym of *B. johnstonii* in *TJM 2*; see *Harvard Papers in Botany* 11(1):61-88 (2006) for relative taxonomic treatment. See *Aliso* 17:203 (1998) for original description, and *Novon* 13(4):381-391 (2003) for revised nomenclature.

A. hirshbergiae Element Code: PDBRA064D0 A. johnstonii Element Code: PDBRA060Y0

## **Literature Cited**

Al-Shehbaz, I. 2003. Transfer of most North American specie of *Arabis* to *Boechera* (Brassicaceae). *Novon* 13(4):381-391.

Boyd, S.1998. *Arabis hirshbergiae* (Brassicaceae), a narrow endemic from the Cuyamaca Mountains, San Diego County, California. *Aliso* 17:203-205.

Windham, M.D. & I. Al-Shehbaz. 2006. New and noteworthy species of *Boechera* (Brassicaceae) I: sexual diploids. *Harvard Papers in Botany* 11(1):61-88.