

# **Rare Plant Inventory**

rareplants.cnps.org

# Report for Plagiobothrys glaber

# TAXON DETAILS Classification

Scientific Name Plagiobothrys glaber (Gray) Jtn.

Common Name hairless popcornflower

Family Boraginaceae
Element Code PDBOR0V0B0

USDA Plants Symbol PLGL

Synonyms/Other Names

#### **Conservation Status**

California Rare Plant Rank
Global Rank
GX
State Rank
SX
CESA
None
FESA
None

Other Status

**CRPR Changes** 

 Date Added
 1974-01-01

 Last Update
 2022-12-06

# **Ecology and Life History**

Lifeform annual herb
Blooming Period Mar-May

**Elevation m (ft)** 15-180 (50-590)

General Habitats Marshes and swamps (coastal salt),

Meadows and seeps (alkaline)

**Microhabitat Details** 

Microhabitat

#### Threat List Data from the CNDDB

Threat List Total:		2
	Total EOs	Percent EOs
EOs with Threats Listed	9	100%
Threat List:		
Development	8	88%
Agriculture	1	11%

#### **Element Occurrence Data from the CNDDB**

Total Element Occurrences:	9
Element Occurrence Ranks:	_
Excellent (A)	0
Good (B)	0
Fair (C)	0
Poor (D)	0
None (X)	9
Unknown (U)	0
Occurrence Status	
Historical, > 20 years	9
Recent, < 20 years	0
Presence	
Presumed Extant	0
Possibly Extirpated	0
Presumed Extirpated	9

#### Location

California Endemic	Yes
Counties	
Alameda (ALA)*, Marin (MRN)*, San Benito (SBT)*, Santa Clara (SCL)*	
States	
California (CA)	

#### Quads

Altamont (3712166)\*, Hayward (3712261)\*, Livermore (3712167), Los Gatos (3712128)\*, Newark (3712251)\*, Point Bonita (3712275), San Felipe (3612184)\*, San Francisco North (3712274), San Jose East (3712137)\*, San Jose West (3712138)\*, San Quentin (3712284), San Rafael (3712285)\*

#### **Notes**

Definitions of codes preceding a county and/or quad:

- \* Presumed extirpated
- (\*) Possibly extirpated

Species may be present in other areas where conditions are favorable. These data should NOT be substituted for pre-project review or for on-site surveys.

#### **Notes**

Last confirmed sighting in 1954. Possibly relocated near Antioch; identification uncertain. All collections since 1930's located in the Hollister area; plant should also be looked for there. Possibly a variety of *P. stipitatus*. See *Proceedings of the American Academy of Arts and Sciences* 17:227 (1882) for original description.

#### **Threats**

# **Taxononmy**

## **Selected References**

## **Suggested Citation**

California Native Plant Society, Rare Plant Program. 2024. Rare Plant Inventory (online edition, v9.5). Website https://www.rareplants.cnps.org [accessed 17 May 2024].