

rareplants.cnps.org

Report for Astragalus oophorus var. oophorus

TAXON DETAILS

Classification

Scientific Name	Astragalus oophorus Wats. var. oophorus
Common Name	egg milk-vetch
Family	Fabaceae
Element Code	PDFAB0F6C6
USDA Plants Symbol	ASOOO2
Synonyms/Other Names	

Conservation Status

California Rare Plant Rank	4.3
Global Rank	G4T4?
State Rank	S3S4
CESA	None
FESA	None
Other Status	
CRPR Changes	
Date Added	2001-01-01
Last Update	2021-09-27

Ecology and Life History

Lifeform	perennial herb
Blooming Period	May-Jul
Elevation m (ft)	1500-3170 (4920-10400)
General Habitats	Great Basin scrub, Pinyon and juniper woodland, Subalpine coniferous forest
Microhabitat Details	
Microhabitat	Gravelly (sometimes), Sandy (sometimes)

Threat List Data from the CNDDB

Threat List Total:		0
	Total EOs	Percent EOs
EOs with Threats Listed	0	0%
Threat List:		

Element Occurrence Data from the CNDDB

Total Element Occurrences:	0	
Element Occurrence Ranks:		
Excellent (A)	0	
Good (B)	0	
Fair (C)	0	
Poor (D)	0	
None (X)	0	
Unknown (U)	0	
Occurrence Status		
Historical, > 20 years	0	
Recent, < 20 years	0	
Presence		
Presumed Extant	0	
Possibly Extirpated	0	
Presumed Extirpated	0	

Location

California Endemic	No

Counties

Inyo (INY), Mono (MNO)

States

California (CA), Nevada (NV)

Quads

Blanco Mtn. (3711842), Crooked Creek (3711841), Emigrant Pass (3611732), Mazourka Peak (3611881), Mt. Barcroft (3711852), Panamint (3611711), Telescope Peak (3611721), Watterson Canyon (3711866), Waucoba Spring (3711718), Wildrose Peak (3611731)

Notes

Definitions of codes preceding a county and/or quad:

* Presumed extirpated

(*) Possibly extirpated

Species may be present in other areas where conditions are favorable. These data should NOT be substituted for pre-project review or for on-site surveys.

Notes

See Botany of the King Exploration, p. 73 (1871) for original description.

Threats

Taxononmy

Selected References

Suggested Citation

California Native Plant Society, Rare Plant Program. 2024. Rare Plant Inventory (online edition, v9.5). Website https://www.rareplants.cnps.org [accessed 18 May 2024].