

Report for *Lagophylla diabolensis*

TAXON DETAILS



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Classification

Scientific Name	<i>Lagophylla diabolensis</i> B.G. Baldwin
Common Name	Diablo Range hare-leaf
Family	Asteraceae
Element Code	PDAST5J060
USDA Plants Symbol	<u>LADI6</u>
Synonyms/Other Names	

Conservation Status

California Rare Plant Rank	1B.2
Global Rank	G2
State Rank	S2
CESA	None
FESA	None
Other Status	BLM_S; SB_SBBG
CRPR Changes	added to 1B.2 on 2014-01-17
Date Added	2014-01-17
Last Update	2022-01-05

Ecology and Life History

Lifeform	annual herb
Blooming Period	Apr-Sep
Elevation m (ft)	365-885 (1200-2905)
General Habitats	Cismontane woodland, Valley and foothill grassland
Microhabitat Details	
Microhabitat	Clay

Threat List Data from the CNDDDB

Threat List Total:		3
	Total EOs	Percent EOs
EOs with Threats Listed	1	7%
Threat List:		
Non-native plant impacts	1	6%
Recreational use (non-ORV)	1	6%
Road/trail construction/maint.	1	6%

Element Occurrence Data from the CNDDDB

Total Element Occurrences:	15
Element Occurrence Ranks:	
Excellent (A)	0
Good (B)	0
Fair (C)	0
Poor (D)	0
None (X)	0
Unknown (U)	15
Occurrence Status	
Historical, > 20 years	10
Recent, < 20 years	5
Presence	
Presumed Extant	15
Possibly Extirpated	0
Presumed Extirpated	0

Location

California Endemic Yes

Counties

Fresno (FRE), Monterey (MNT), San Benito (SBT)

States

California (CA)

Quads

Curry Mountain (3612014), Hepsedam Peak (3612037), Hernandez Reservoir (3612047), Idria (3612046), Lonoak (3612038), Parkfield (3512084), Priest Valley (3612026), Rock Spring Peak (3612048), San Benito (3612151), San Benito Mtn. (3612036), The Dark Hole (3512083), Topo Valley (3612141), Valleton (3512086)

Notes

Definitions of codes preceding a county and/or quad:

* Presumed extirpated

(*) Possibly extirpated

Species may be present in other areas where conditions are favorable. These data should NOT be substituted for pre-project review or for on-site surveys.

Notes

Known only from the Diablo Range. Many occurrences historical; need field surveys. Possibly threatened by development and non-native plants. Formerly included within *L. dichotoma*, but genetic data show that *L. diabolensis* is actually more closely related to *L. ramosissima*. See *Madroño* 60(3):249-254 (2013) for original description.

Threats

Taxonomy

Selected References

CNPS Status Review: CRPR List Addition on 2014-01-17

Suggested Citation

California Native Plant Society, Rare Plant Program. 2024. Rare Plant Inventory (online edition, v9.5). Website <https://www.rareplants.cnps.org> [accessed 17 May 2024].