

Rare Plant Inventory

rareplants.cnps.org

Report for Cirsium occidentale var. compactum

TAXON DETAILS Classification

Scientific Name Cirsium occidentale (Nutt.) Jeps. var.

compactum Hoov.

Common Name compact cobwebby thistle

Family Asteraceae
Element Code PDAST2E1Z1
USDA Plants Symbol CIOCC2

Synonyms/Other Names

Conservation Status

California Rare Plant Rank1B.2Global RankG3G4T2State RankS2CESANoneFESANoneOther StatusBLM_S

CRPR Changes

 Date Added
 1974-01-01

 Last Update
 2021-05-26

Ecology and Life History

Lifeform perennial herb

Blooming Period Apr-Jun

Elevation m (ft) 5-150 (15-490)

General Habitats Chaparral, Coastal dunes, Coastal prairie,

Coastal scrub

Microhabitat Details

Microhabitat

Threat List Data from the CNDDB

Threat List Total:		5
	Total EOs	Percent EOs
EOs with Threats Listed	9	30%
Threat List:		
Road/trail construction/maint.	5	16%
Grazing	4	13%
Non-native plant impacts	3	10%
Erosion/runoff	2	6%
Development	1	3%

Element Occurrence Data from the CNDDB

Total Element Occurrences:	30
Element Occurrence Ranks:	
Excellent (A)	1
Good (B)	3
Fair (C)	3
Poor (D)	1
None (X)	1
Unknown (U)	21
Occurrence Status	
Historical, > 20 years	22
Recent, < 20 years	8
Presence	
Presumed Extant	29
Possibly Extirpated	1
Presumed Extirpated	0

Location

California Endemic	Yes
Camerina Endonino	. 00

Counties

Los Angeles (LAX), Monterey (MNT)?, San Francisco (SFO)*, San Luis Obispo (SLO), San Mateo (SMT), Santa Barbara (SBA)

States

California (CA)

Quads

Big Sur (3612137), Cambria (3512151), Cayucos (3512048), Pfeiffer Point (3612127), Pico Creek (3512152), Piedras Blancas (3512163), Point Sal (3412086), Point Sur (3612138)?, San Francisco South (3712264)*, San Miguel Island East (3312083), San Miguel Island West (3312084), San Simeon (3512162), Santa Catalina East (3311833), Santa Rosa Island North (3312081), Santa Rosa Island South (3312071), Santa Rosa Island West (3312082)

Notes

Definitions of codes preceding a county and/or quad:

- * Presumed extirpated
- (*) Possibly extirpated

Species may be present in other areas where conditions are favorable. These data should NOT be substituted for pre-project review or for on-site surveys.

Notes

Known from fewer than twenty occurrences. Threatened by grazing and insect predation, and potentially by road construction and development. Some inland plants weakly separated from var. *occidentale*. Compact, low-growing plants from MNT Co. (344C) are probably not var. *compactum*.

Threats

Taxononmy

Selected References

Suggested Citation

California Native Plant Society, Rare Plant Program. 2024. Rare Plant Inventory (online edition, v9.5). Website https://www.rareplants.cnps.org [accessed 15 May 2024].