CALIFORNIA NATIVE PLANT SOCIETY

Rare Plant Inventory

rareplants.cnps.org

Report for Lewisia congdonii

TAXON DETAILS



© 2010 Aaron Schusteff



© 2010 Aaron Schusteff



© 2017 John Doyen

Classification

Scientific Name Lewisia congdonii (Rydb.) S. Clay

Common Name Congdon's lewisia

FamilyMontiaceaeElement CodePDPOR04040

USDA Plants Symbol LECO4

Synonyms/Other Names

Conservation Status

California Rare Plant Rank1B.3Global RankG2State RankS2

CESA CR (07/01/82)

FESA None

Other Status SB_UCSC; USFS_S

CRPR Changes

 Date Added
 1974-01-01

 Last Update
 2022-12-06

Ecology and Life History

Lifeform perennial herb

Blooming Period Apr-Jun

Elevation m (ft) 500-2800 (1640-9185)

General Habitats Chaparral, Cismontane woodland, Lower

montane coniferous forest, Upper montane

coniferous forest, Valley and foothill

grassland

Microhabitat Details

Microhabitat Granitic (sometimes), Mesic, Metamorphic

(sometimes), Rocky

Threat List Data from the CNDDB

Threat List Total:		5
	Total EOs	Percent EOs
EOs with Threats Listed	2	20%
Threat List:		
Road/trail construction/maint.	2	20%
Biocides	1	10%
Erosion/runoff	1	10%
Mining	1	10%
Over-collecting/poaching	1	10%

Element Occurrence Data from the CNDDB

Total Element Occurrences:	10
Element Occurrence Ranks:	_
Excellent (A)	2
Good (B)	0
Fair (C)	0
Poor (D)	0
None (X)	0
Unknown (U)	8
Occurrence Status	
Historical, > 20 years	8
Recent, < 20 years	2
Presence	
Presumed Extant	10
Possibly Extirpated	0
Presumed Extirpated	0

Location

California Endemic	Yes
Counties	
Fresno (FRE), Mariposa (MPA)	
States	
California (CA)	
Quads	
El Portal (3711967), Hume (3611878), Wawona (3711956),	Wren Peak (3611877)

Notes

Definitions of codes preceding a county and/or quad:

- * Presumed extirpated
- (*) Possibly extirpated

Species may be present in other areas where conditions are favorable. These data should NOT be substituted for pre-project review or for on-site surveys.

Notes

Known from approximately ten occurrences in the canyons of the Kings and Merced rivers. Threatened by exotic plant control, illegal dumping, and road maintenance. See *North American Flora* 21:328 (1932) for original description, and *Fremontia* 25(1):15-19 (1997) for genetic study of relationship to *L. cantelovii* and *L. serrata*.

Threats

Taxononmy

Selected References

Suggested Citation

California Native Plant Society, Rare Plant Program. 2024. Rare Plant Inventory (online edition, v9.5). Website https://www.rareplants.cnps.org [accessed 18 May 2024].