

Report for *Laphamia villosa*

TAXON DETAILS

Classification

Scientific Name	<i>Laphamia villosa</i> S.F. Blake
Common Name	Hanaupah rock daisy
Family	Asteraceae
Element Code	PDAST700V0
USDA Plants Symbol	PEVI9
Synonyms/Other Names	<u><i>Perityle villosa</i> (S.F. Blake) Shinnery</u>

Conservation Status

California Rare Plant Rank	1B.3
Global Rank	G2
State Rank	S2
CESA	None
FESA	None
Other Status	
CRPR Changes	
Date Added	1974-01-01
Last Update	2024-03-06

Ecology and Life History

Lifeform	perennial herb
Blooming Period	Jun
Elevation m (ft)	1700-2600 (5580-8530)
General Habitats	Great Basin scrub, Pinyon and juniper woodland
Microhabitat Details	
Microhabitat	Carbonate, Rocky

Threat List Data from the CNDDDB

Threat List Total:		0
	Total EOs	Percent EOs
EOs with Threats Listed	0	%
Threat List:		

Element Occurrence Data from the CNDDDB

Total Element Occurrences:	6
Element Occurrence Ranks:	
Excellent (A)	0
Good (B)	0
Fair (C)	0
Poor (D)	0
None (X)	0
Unknown (U)	6
Occurrence Status	
Historical, > 20 years	6
Recent, < 20 years	0
Presence	
Presumed Extant	6
Possibly Extirpated	0
Presumed Extirpated	0

Location

California Endemic	Yes
Counties	
Inyo (INY)	
States	
California (CA)	
Quads	
Grapevine Peak (3611782), Panamint (3611711), Telescope Peak (3611721)(?), Tin Mountain (3611784), Wildrose Peak (3611731)	

Notes

Definitions of codes preceding a county and/or quad:

* Presumed extirpated

(*) Possibly extirpated

Species may be present in other areas where conditions are favorable. These data should NOT be substituted for pre-project review or for on-site surveys.

Notes

Known from fewer than ten occurrences; endemic to the mountains of Death Valley National Park. Has been searched for but not rediscovered in Hanaupah Cyn. in the Panamint Mtns. Rediscovered in the Panamint Mtns. by Dana York in 2001 at Johnson Canyon. Collected in 1980 on Mt. Palmer in the Grapevine Mtns.

Threats

Taxononmy

Selected References

Suggested Citation

California Native Plant Society, Rare Plant Program. 2024. Rare Plant Inventory (online edition, v9.5). Website <https://www.rareplants.cnps.org> [accessed 17 May 2024].